





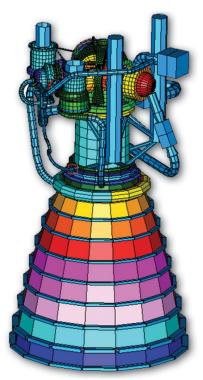
Case Study

OVERVIEW

Aerojet Rocketdyne (formerly Aerojet) was contracted to design and test a new booster for NASA's Space Launch Initiative. One engine design was the Co-Optimized Booster for Reusable Applications (COBRA), a liquid hydrogen/liquid oxygen engine designed to fire with 600,000 pounds of thrust. ATA Engineering, Inc., supported Aerojet Rocketdyne in the development of engine sine, random, and transient self-induced forcing functions using new methods based on the Space Shuttle Main Engine (SSME) data. Engine responses (maximum static and dynamic structural loads) were recovered for ground handling, startup/shutdown, and steady-state engine phases and provided important loads information to support design iterations.

TASKS PERFORMED & KEY OUTCOMES

- > Developed a system finite element model (FEM) for the COBRA engine from CAD models in parallel with the design process and updated the components as the design matured.
- Developed a response matching methodology and software to define engine sine, random, and transient self-induced forcing functions based on SSME measured vibrations.
- > Performed static and dynamic analyses.
- Developed automated methods and software to process results quickly during design iterations.
- Completed load analyses for ground handling, startup/shutdown, and steady-state engine phases and calculated maximum interface loads for 28 engine interfaces.
- Delivered system loads for ten design iterations and two formal Structural Loads and Environments Documents (SLEDs) to NASA.



COBRA Engine Mesh

Albuquerque

ay Area

nver

sville

Los Angeles