

## Modeling Hypersonic Vehicles With Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD)

### Prepared for:

Siemens Digital Industries Software Webinar

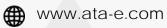
13290 Evening Creek Drive S, San Diego CA 92128

### Date:

16<sup>th</sup> February 2022

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in ata-engineering

@ATAEngineering

## Agenda:

- Adam Green (ATA Engineering) ATA & STAR-CCM+ Overview.
- Chris Ostoich (ATA Engineering) CFD and Hypersonics.



## Who We Are

We are an **employee-owned** small business with a **full-time staff of over 190**, nearly 150 of whom are degreed engineers



14 Registered Professional Engineers

### Subject matter experts recognized by

- National Academy of Engineering
- Society of Experimental Mechanics
- AIAA & ASME

14 Average years of experience



## What We Do

ATA Engineering's **high-value engineering services** help solve our customers' toughest product design challenges





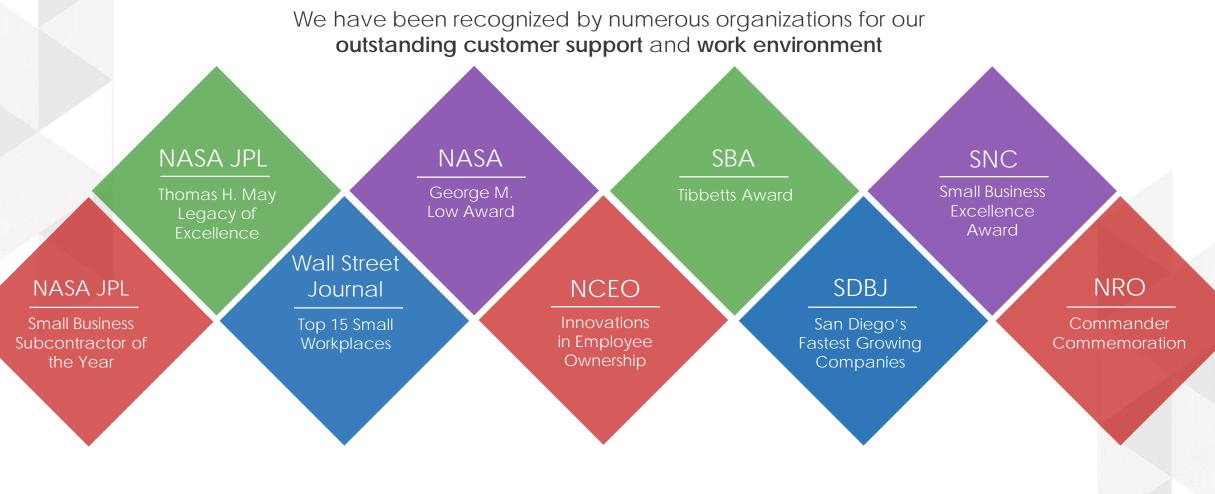
ATA is an Employee-Owned Small Business Employee ownership benefits you because our owners:



- ➤Take your project personally
- ➤ Are empowered to make decisions
- ➢ Are efficiency minded
- Recognize the direct link between your satisfaction and their success
- ➤ Strive for customer delight



## Our Commitment to Excellence



More than 90% of our clients rate our technical work and customer support "Excellent"



## Our Services

### We provide our customers with complete, integrated solutions



From initial concept development to detailed structural design





services

## ATA Engineering - Timeline

2009

#### A Legacy of Engineering Excellence: $\succ$





SDRC was an early pioneer of PLM tools starting in 1967.

After a series of acquisitions, SDRC was purchased by Siemens and their I-DEAS software was integrated with Unigraphics into the well known NX product line.

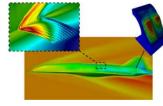




#### ATA Engineering was formed in April 2000 after a management buyout from SRDC of the Advanced Test and Analysis Division.

Given this shared corporate heritage, ATA maintains its strong relationship with Siemens today







2002

ATA opens Eastern regional Office (ERO) in Herndon VA



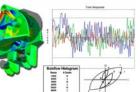
2005 ATA opens LA office in the heart of the Southern California Aerospace Industry



2007

ATA opens Denver office and labels it RMO: Rocky Mountain Office

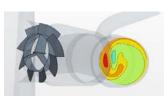




to service South Eastern Aerospace clients

2009

ATA becomes a full VAR for Siemens selling NX, Femap and Nastran



ATA opens Huntsville Office



2018

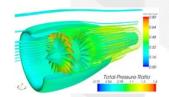
2018

2010

ATA extends Siemens VAR relationship to include STAR-CCM+ & HEEDS

ATA opens Berkeley, California Office

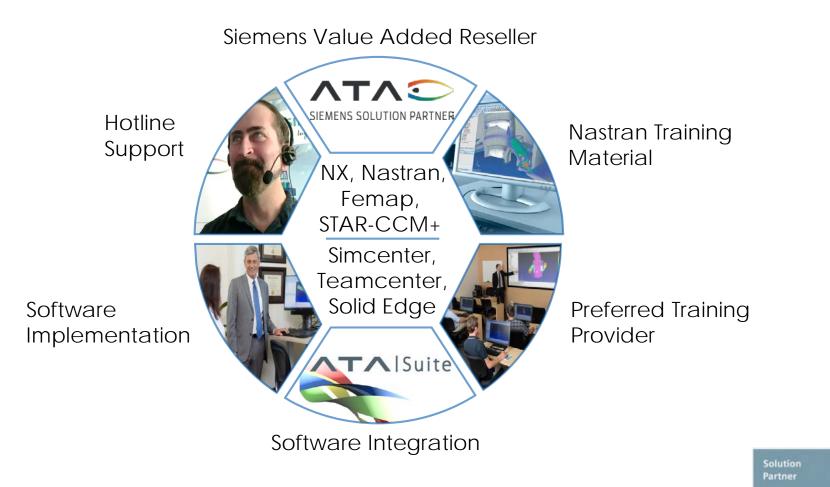
SIEMENS Ingenuity for life 2020





## Our Software Services

ATA is a Platinum value-added reseller for Siemens PLM Software http://www.ata-plmsoftware.com/





## Loci/CHEM and STAR-CCM+ Both Used By ATA Engineering for Hypersonic Flows

## ≻Loci/CHEM

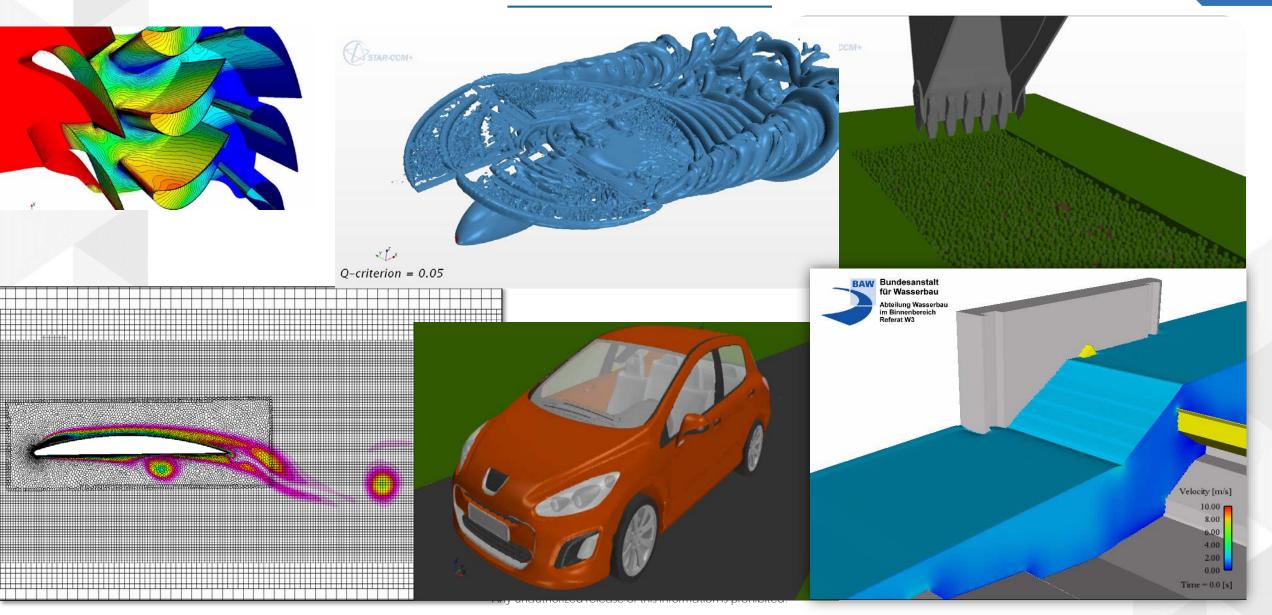
- > University code developed at Mississippi State by Prof. Ed Luke
- ➤ ATA Engineering among contributing developers
- Flexibility to modify source/add modules makes Loci/CHEM good for research and development

## ≻STAR-CCM+

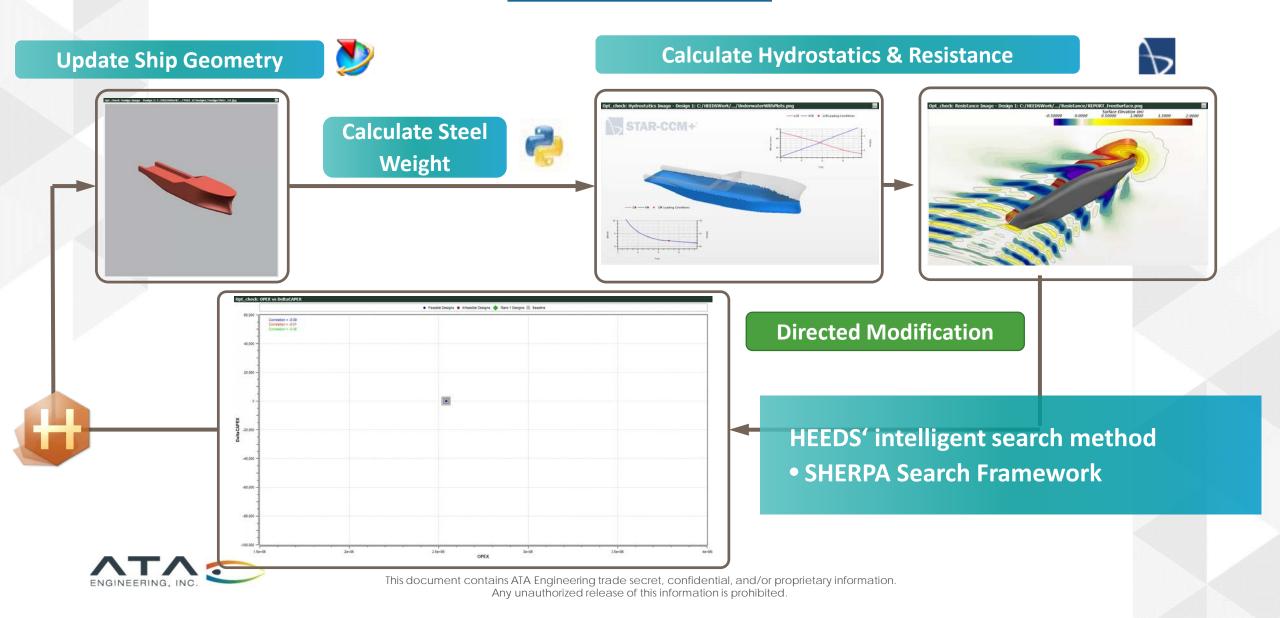
- Multiphysics commercial package produced by Siemens
- General CFD/multiphysics solver emphasizing efficient workflow, automation, and high-fidelity
- Continued development towards hypersonics capabilities



## $STAR-CCM+^{\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}}$



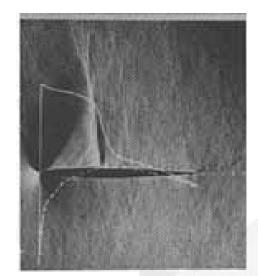
## **Design Space Exploration**



Transonic Flight Development

- Large drag increase near speed of sound
   Significant difficulty accelerating past Mach 1
- Schlieren images showed standing shocks on wings leading to wave drag
- Significant breakthrough Whitcomb Area Rule
   Cross-sectional area to have smooth streamwise variation
  - ➤ Fuselage to narrow in vicinity of wings
    - ➤ "Coke Bottle" shape
- Area rule a product of decades-long study due to difficulties with transonic experimentation and understanding!





NACA 64A006 Airfoil in Mach 0.79 flow (Beker, J. "The High-Speed Frontier")

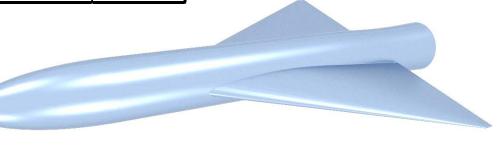
HEEDS SHERPA design space exploration intelligently searches radii ranges to determine minimum drag configuration

Parameters	Range		Decolution	Response	
	Minimum	Maximum	Resolution	Variable Objective	
r1	0.5 m	2 m	101		
r2	0.5 m	2 m	101	C Drag	
r3	0.5 m	2 m	101	$C_D = \frac{N_D}{1/2 \rho_\infty U_\infty^2 A}$  Minimize	
r4	0.5 m	2 m	101	-/ - /	
r5	0.5 m	2 m	101		

➤Exhaustive search of this design space: 101<sup>5</sup>=10.5 billion simulations

SHERPA finds improved solution after 150 realizations



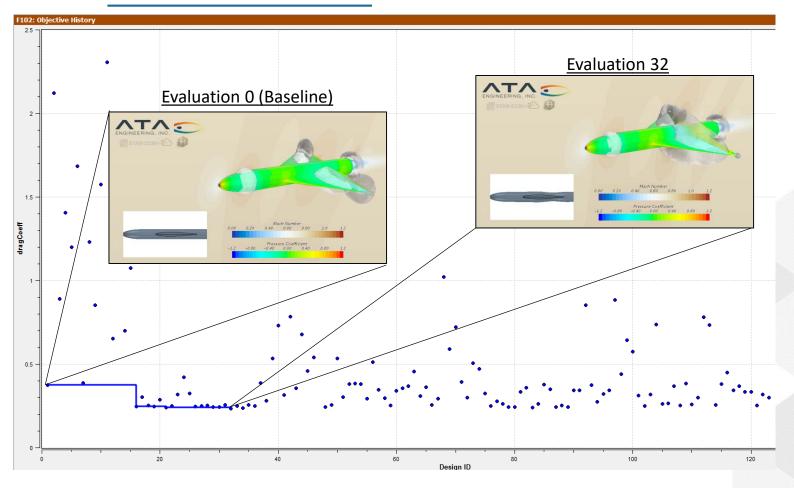




## **HEEDS** Design Optimization

HEEDS SHERPA explores design space to drive towards objective

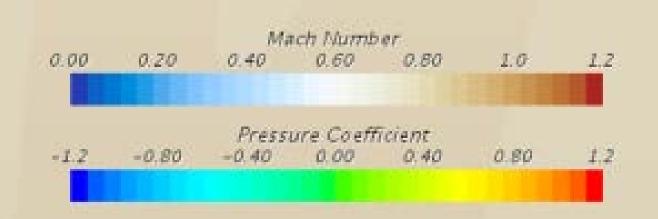
- Evaluation 32 (out of 150) found to have the lowest drag coefficient
- Improved fuselage results in 38% reduction in drag













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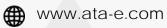
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## Modeling Hypersonic Vehicles with Computational Fluid Dynamics

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This webinar will review some issues in CFD for hypersonics
 Will give some best practices

 Meshing
 Turbulence modeling
 Initialization and convergence acceleration
 Physics modeling

 Demonstration of automation in STAR-CCM+



## Hypersonic flows characterized by certain effects becoming increasingly important

From Anderson "Hypersonic and High-Temperature Gas Dynamics"

## ➤High temperatures

- ➤ Vehicle thermal effects
- Energy storage mechanisms, chemical reactions and ionization

≻Low-density flow

- Velocity-slip and temperature slip become significant
- ➤ Continuum equations become invalid
- ≻Viscous interaction
  - High temperatures lead to fast growing BL, significant change in aerodynamic shape
- ≻Entropy layer
  - Strong wall-normal entropy gradient in boundary layer







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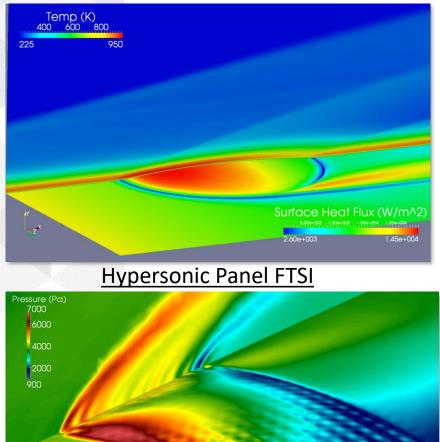
Continuum

CFD

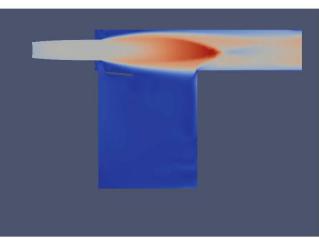


## Hypersonics at ATA Engineering

### **Aerothermal Modeling**

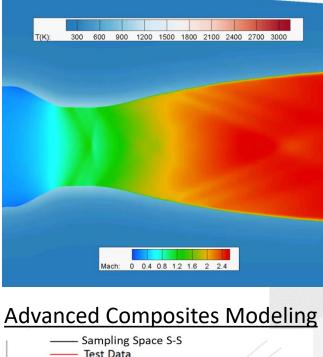


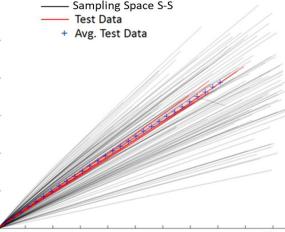
### Wind Tunnel Transient Airload Prediction



<u>References:</u>				
AIAA 2013-1746				
AIAA 2017-5021				
AIAA 2022-2334				

### Nozzle Throat Ablation







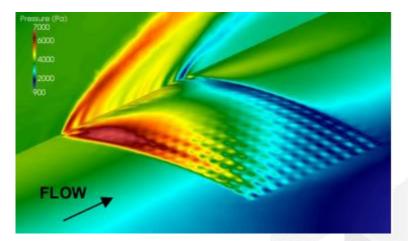
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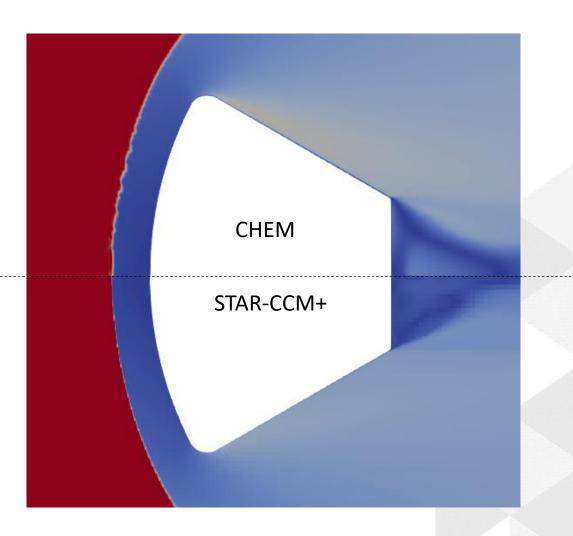






## Flow Over Re-entry Capsule

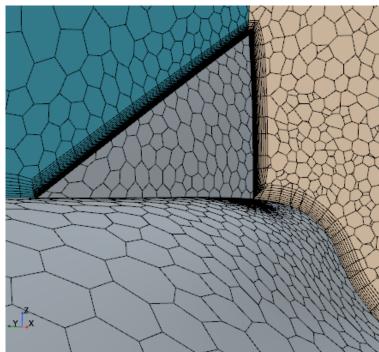
- Example Mach 10 case run with both Loci/CHEM and STAR-CCM+
- Both tools produce perform well in the hypersonic regime
- Use of Loci/CHEM allows ATA to implement enhancements to develop tools to attack specific research problems
- Use of STAR-CCM+ enables efficient workflow and access to large suite of varied physics models





Surface heating a large concern in design of vehicles for hypersonic environment  $\succ$  Prism layers at solid boundaries should accurately capture heat flux > Thicken prism layers to envelope shock to ameliorate Carbuncle > Wall Y+ << 1 recommended ➤Shock waves are characteristic of supersonic and hypersonic flows > Position not known a-priori, based on solution

Adaptive mesh refinement (AMR) places
cells where needed based on user field function



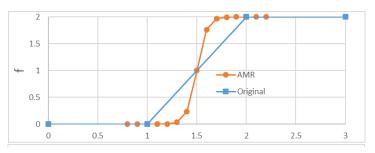


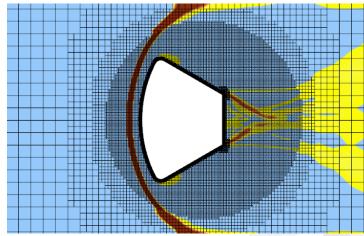
## Adaptive Mesh Refinement to Locally Resolve High Solution Gradients

- AMR responds to user-defined metric to identify unresolved gradients
- >Effective function quantifies gradient of flow field across cell:  $G = |\nabla f| \cdot \Delta x$

➢ Flow gradient times cell size

➤ Use AMR to limit gradient





AMR Function on Coarse Grid

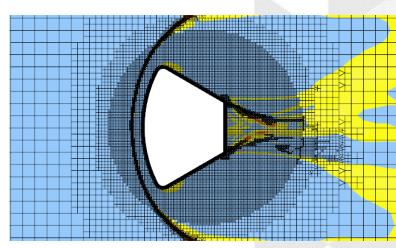
Example AMR function in STAR-CCM+: mag(grad(\${MachNumber}))\*(\${AdaptionCellSize})

## STAR-CCM+ AMR

≻ Blue (G<0.2) – Coarsen towards original grid

>Yellow (0.8>G>0.2) – Maintain size

≻ Red (G>0.8) – Subdivide cell to specified limit



AMR Function on Refined Grid



## Turbulence in Hypersonic Flows

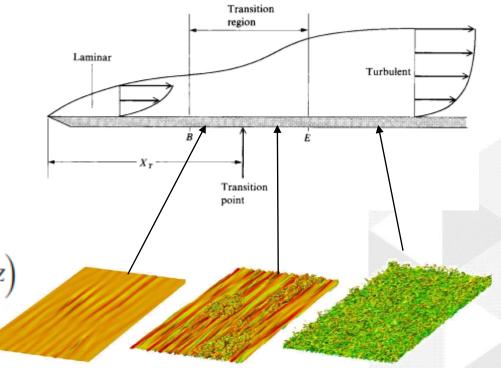
BL transition is complicated in hypersonic flows

>Incompressible flat plate BL  $Re_T \sim 5e5$ 

In hypersonics, transition Re is complicated function of multiple parameters

$$Re_{T} = f\left(M_{e}, \theta_{c}, T_{w}, \dot{m}, \alpha, k_{R}, E, \frac{\partial p}{\partial x}, R_{N}, Re_{\infty}/\text{ft}, \frac{x}{R_{N}}, V, C, \frac{\partial w}{\partial z}, T_{0}, d^{*}, \tau, Z\right)$$

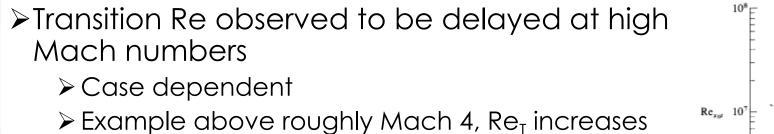
Transition location is very problem specific, and often not consistent with lower speed observations

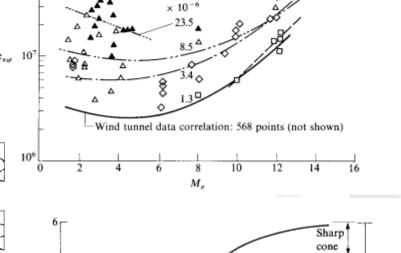


Three stages of a boundary layer during transition. Vorticity isosurface colored by streamwise velocity. (AIAA, 2013)



## Some Hypersonic BL Transition Observations





Flight data: 77 points

Mean Re/ft

delayed transition → Blunt nosetip may delay transition → But not too blunt!

≻Strong 3D effects

ightarrow Re<sub>T</sub> increases with unit Re

> At AoA, windward side

rapidly

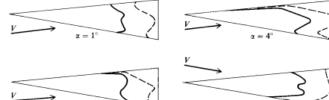
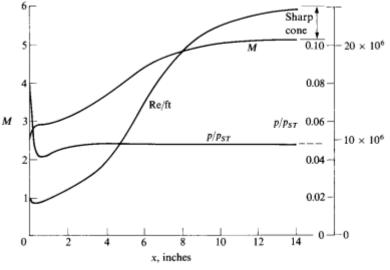


Fig. 6.26 Effect on angle of attack on boundary-layer transition on a sharp cone;  $\theta_c = 8 \text{ deg}$  (from DiCristina, [102]).

➤Cold wall may delay or advance transition!

**Turbulent BL not always present** 





Anderson "Hypersonic and High-Temperature Gas Dynamics"

Recommended turbulence model k-w SST with some non-standard changes
 > a1 coefficient should be set to 0.355
 > Best for shock separated flows

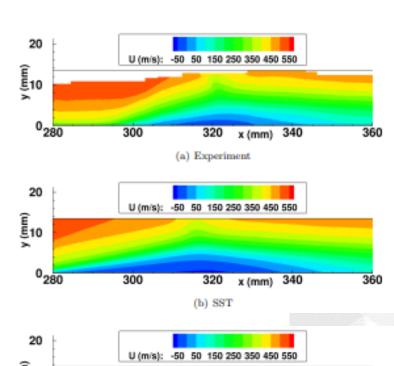
Quadratic constitutive relation (QCR)
 Better accounts for anisotropy, secondary flows

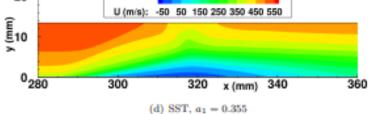
Specify k and w explicitly in initial conditions and in regions

$$k = 1 \times 10^{-6} U_{\infty}^{2}$$

$$\omega = \frac{5U_{\infty}}{L}$$

	Mach 10@70 kft L = 1 m	Default
k	9.2414	1.0E-03
ω	1.5E+04	1.0E-04





Georgiadis, Nicholas J., and Dennis A. Yoder. "Recalibration of the Shear Stress Transport Model to Improve Calculation of Shock Separated Flows." (2013).



## Solver Settings to Mitigate Inaccuracies and the Car<u>buncle Phenome</u>non

## >Use AUSM+ flux vector splitting

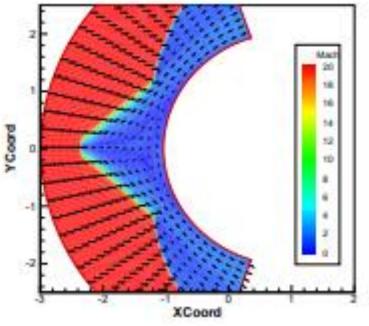
- Mesh misalignment with flow solution can produce spurious vorticity and shock-wave deformations
- These can materialize as uneven wall heat flux and shear stress downstream
- AUSM+ formulated to correct for mesh misalignments that lead to Carbuncle phenomenon

## ≻Use MUSCL 3<sup>rd</sup> order differencing scheme

Reduce AMG solver tolerance to 0.001 to avoid error stack-up

➤ Will impact runtime

Use ILU under-relaxation instead of constant value

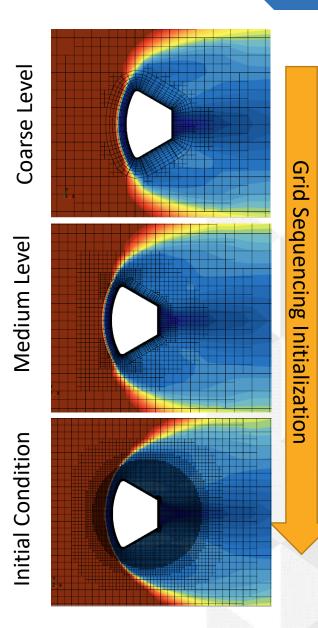


An instance of the Carbuncle phenomenon Ismail, et al., 2006



Grid Sequence Initialization Provides Higher Quality Initial Condition

- Bad initial guess of flow field can severely slow convergence or lead to divergence
- Grid sequencing expert initialization uses a multi-grid technique to provide good initial condition
  - ➤ Series of course meshes generated
  - Approximate solution is computed on coarsest grid, then interpolated to next finer grid
  - ➢ Process ends with initial condition on target mesh
- Higher wavenumber signals damped quickly on coarse grids



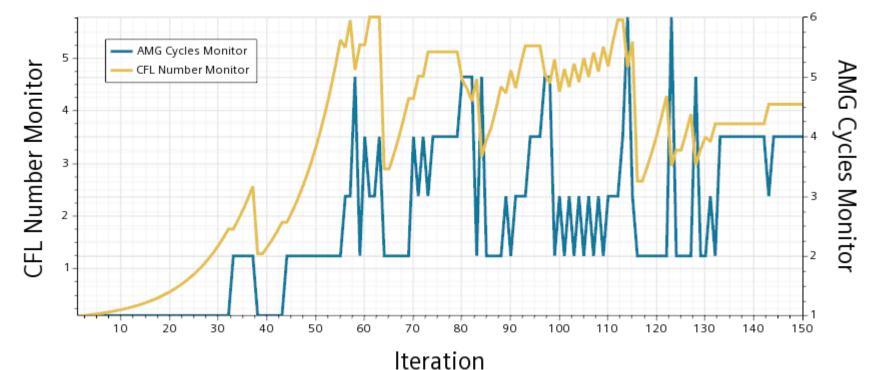
Automatic CFL Encourages Quicker Convergence

15

# The Automatic CFL method aggressively adjusts CFL number Works in response to linear algebraic solver convergence, seeks balance between cost of forming linear system and cost of solving

➤Accelerates convergence while preserving stability

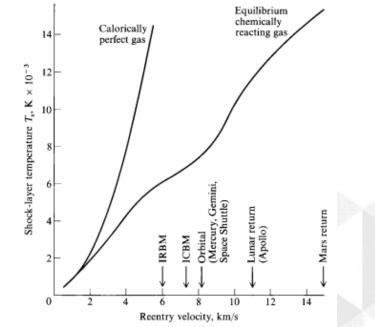
>Line search under-relaxation may be helpful in difficult cases





## High Temperature Hypersonic Flows

- At high temperatures the effects of molecular dissociation, internal energy excitation, and ionization become significant
  - > Around 800 K the vibrational energy storage,  $C_p/C_v=f(T)$
  - > Above 2000 K, oxygen dissociation ( $O_2 \rightarrow 2O$ )
  - > Above 4000 K, nitrogen dissociation ( $N_2 \rightarrow 2N$ )
  - > Above 9000 K, ionization begins
- STAR-CCM+ Equilibrium Air model is recommended
  - > Does not explicitly solve for dissociation and ionization
  - Curve fits account for chemical reactions and ionization



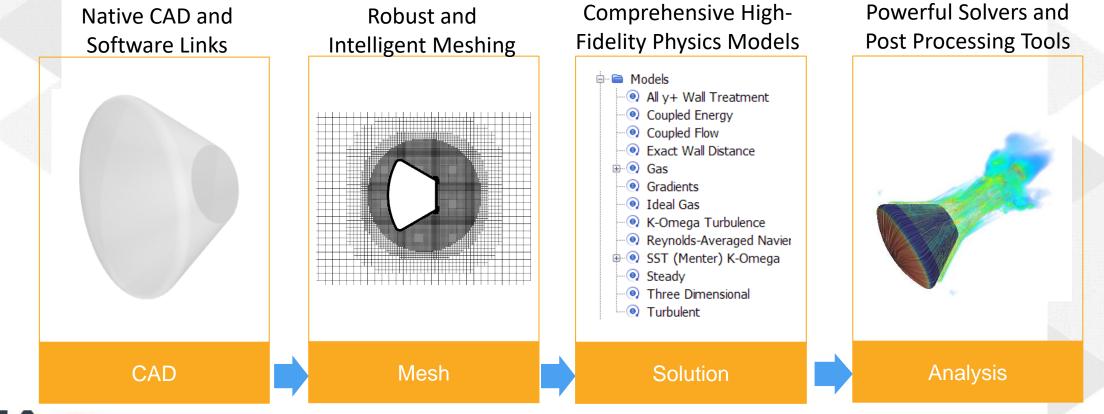
Anderson "Hypersonic and High-Temperature Gas Dynamics"

- Reaction chemistry unimportant unless in non-equilibrium or species needed for surface reactions, i.e. ablation
- If modeling ablation, detailed information about surface composition is needed, which is often unknown

For flow hypersonic flow predictions, STAR-CCM+ works well. ATA uses Loci/CHEM coupled with in-house advanced material models for ablation STAR-CCM+ is Built for Automation

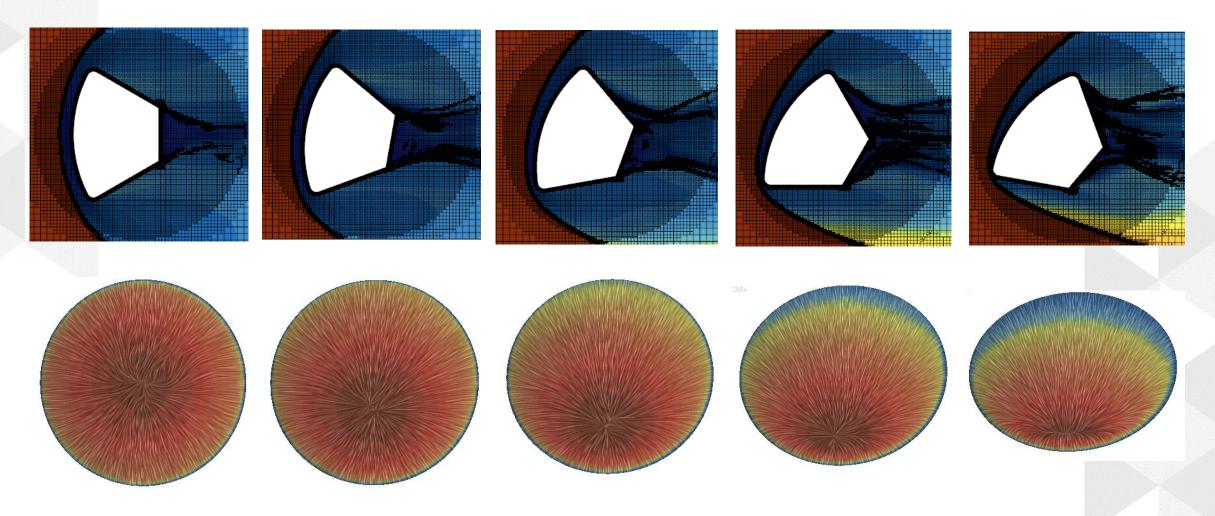
>End-to-end workflow in a single environment

## Automate creation of aero databases without needing any user-driven customization



## Automation Allows Engineer to Analyze Results While Computer Takes Care of Tedious Workflow

AoA sweep run on weekend on desktop computer



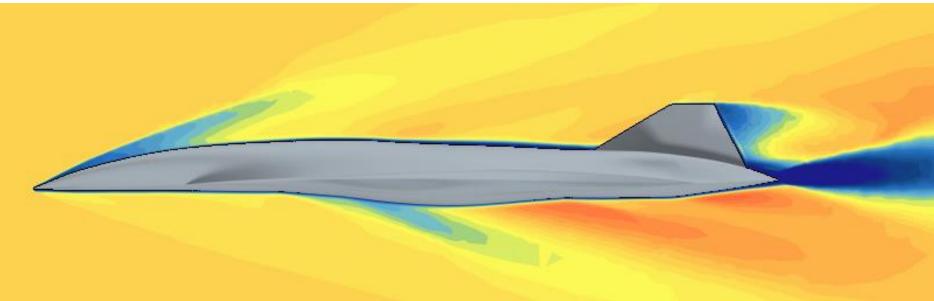


Modeling in the Hypersonic Environment

➢Review of issues in hypersonic modeling

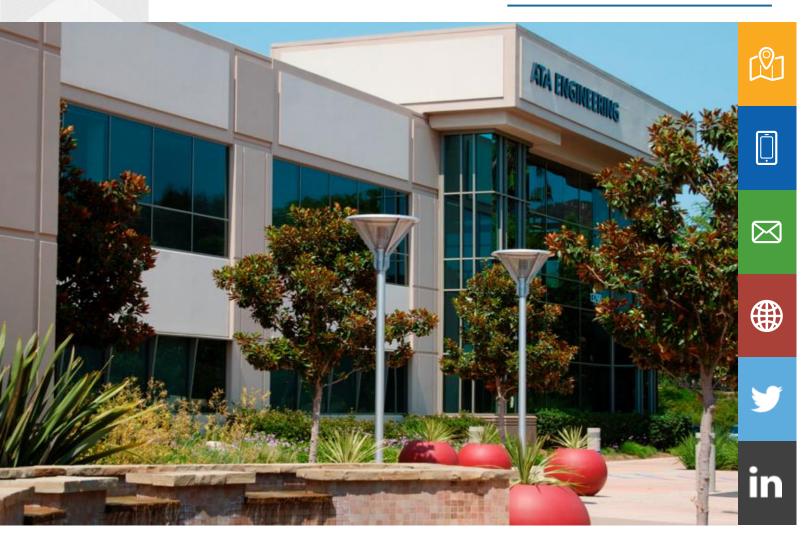
➢Recommended best practices

Introduced how automation in STAR-CCM+ can save analyst time





## Contact Us



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